

SUPRUNENKO, V.A.; FAYNBERG, Ya.B.; TOLOK, V.T.; SUKHOMLIN, Ye.A.; REVA, N.I.;
BURCHENKO, P.Ya.; RUDNEV, N.I.; VOLKOV, Ye.D.

Electromagnetic radiation from a plasma produced by a straight
high-current discharge. Atom. energ. 14 no.4:349-352 Ap '63.
(MIRA 16:3)

(Plasma (Ionized gases)) (Electromagnetic waves)

RUDNEV, N.I.; SUPRUNENKO, V.A.; VOLKOV, Ye.D.; SUKHOMLIN, Ye.A.

Operation of controllable spark gaps in parallel connection
and in a "shortener" circuit. Zhur. tekhn. fiz. 31 no.11:1344-
1349 N '61. (MIRA 14:11)

1. Fiziko-tehnicheskiy institut AN USSR, Khar'kov.
(Electric discharges)
(Electric apparatus and appliances)

RUDNEU, N.Y.

62/52-65-AOS

Velychko, A. I., and V. N. S.

TITLE: The Sixth Conference of Young Scientific Workers of the Institute Geographical of USSR (Institute of Geography of USSR)

PERIODICAL: Izdatelstvo Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya Geograficheskaya, 1950-1951.

ABSTRACT: The article covers the Sixth Conference of Young Kaya, 1959, Jr. 4, pp. 152-154. (УССЗ) - [DOCUMENT](#)

Scientific workers of the Institute of Geology and AG USGR which took place in mid-June 1953. 35 reports were read by the following scientific workers:

Kotlyakov and V. V. Voznyuk have conducted a detailed study of the distribution of atmospheric precipitating species in the lower stratosphere. The results of their work are presented in the following section.

Card 145
Gardiner, G. A., 1965. A review of research in the Antarctic region. I. Glaciology. Spoke on the connection between the relief and hydrographical network and the latest tectonic movements in the Northern

Trans-Ural area. S.P. Ovchinnikova evaluated the evaporation according to the water balance method from the African continent. A.A. Ovchinnikova discussed average evaporation values.

caused evaporation problems in the unit of Gas-Gil and Lebedka and were reported on the impact of solar radiation on steam during its melting in the steam header.

on snow radiation near the Elbrus Weather Station on Yalta. Gurtzaya lectured on snow conditions in the Caucasus: "The older

on his new method to measure the amount of snow carried by wind, while snowflakes are recorded by a photoelectric device. K.L. Bauer, U.S. Army, now

2/5
ard 2/5
H.H. Dreicer and L.F. Stebbins-Zava lectured on how to calculate the maximal spring water discharge in the Yenisey and Lena rivers.

УМІВАТИ відбивши на Лебедя, рівера, які відповідають до методу
старого Струніцького. Відбивши на Лебедя, які відповідають до методу
старого Струніцького. Відбивши на Лебедя, які відповідають до методу
старого Струніцького.

During the summer of 1928 I made a tour through the Great Lakes region, and during the course of my travels I visited the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence River, and also the lakes and rivers of the interior of Ontario. The purpose of this paper is to give a brief account of the glacial history of the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence River, and also to discuss the glaciological features of the interior of Ontario.

valleys of the Eana basin in Zeilichow solidified on loess deposits in the central area of the Rurinn Plain. J. L. Linnemann lectures on "Processes in Zelanda,"

phenomena in Kazakhstan, and gave a lecture on "Classification of Tornets in Central Caucasus". L. G. Chikhlashvili gave a Geobotanic survey of the Central Caucasus. K. V. Svetlichnaya lectured on "The division of Central Caucasus".

35. Ural wood-and-steppes and the division of the Trans-Ural wood-and-steppes area into single relief types

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SOV/10-59-4-25-29

The Sixth Conference of Young Scientists of the Institute of Geography AS USSR

Mrs. Gorodetskaya explained how the balloons on the left bank of the Irtysh river near Pavlodar originated. She gave a short physical and geomorphological survey on the Trans-Irtysh area. Venger reported on her work experience in the Ural mountains, a morphogenetic group from the Urals. A serial photography in the Burzutays area USSR. Venger also discussed relief origin in the southern part of the Amur and Zeya rivers areas. V.P. Chirkov described morphological and north-south characteristics of the river coefficients. G.M. Zubakov gave a zoogeographic survey on the central part of the Yalchitseva area. Z.E. Sloboda reported on the development of the industrial area. A.V. Mikhayev discussed data on the industrialization and specific features in the economic distribution of the economy. V.A. Goloborodko and I.G. Tsvetkov (Yekaterinburg) reported on the lumber industry in the Ishimbay district. V. Kozhevnikov and N. Sloboda reported on the Gor'koviya economic district rayon (Gor'kiy and Gudym districts respectively). V. Sloboda population, and industrial structures. V. Sloboda population, and economy of the Land Baten-Turttum, by E. West Germany. The conference was also attended by representatives of the Moscow State University, Central Institute of Population (Central Institute of Prometei), Central Institute of Geodesy and Cartography (Institute of Geodesy and Cartography AS USSR), and other organizations. The AS USSR senior workers of the Institute of Geography AS USSR took part in the discussions. L.P. Gal'perin, N.L. Isidorov, A.P. Dostoevskiy, L.I. Polubotok, A.G. Dostoevskiy, N.B. Dunitrashko, M.I. Lyovovich, G.N. Sazanov, K.R. Sribnyy, B.A. Fedorovich, and others.

Part 4/5

34

Card 5/5

RUDNEV, N. I.

AID Nr. 981-5 3 June

COHERENT EM RADIATION FROM A HIGH CURRENT DENSITY PLASMA
(USSR)

Suprunenko, V. A., Ya. B. Faynberg, V. T. Tolok, Ye. A. Sukhomlin,
N. I. Reva, P. Ya. Burchenko, N. I. Rudnev, and Ye. D. Volkov. Atomnaya
energiya, [no. 4, Apr 1963, 349-352]. S/089/63/014/004/001/019

Results are given of experiments with plasma discharges at high current densities. Intense radial EM radiation was detected which was coherent and close to Langmuir frequency. Test apparatus included an alundum discharge tube, 10 cm in diameter and 25 cm in length, charged with H₂; aluminum electrodes, connected by a 15- μ f capacitor bank charged to 30-40 kv and yielding a discharge current of about 100 kamp; an axial magnetic field variable from 0 to 10 kgs. Efforts to insure repeatability included the use of metal vacuum seals and a titanium pump, the baking of the apparatus at 300°C, and pre-ionization of the gas mixture prior to discharging. Electric field gradients of 300-500 v/cm gave a high "runaway" electron condition in the discharge beam.

Card 1/2

AJD Nr. 981-5 3 June

COHERENT EM RADIATION [Cont'd]

8/089/63/014/004/001/019

This current was measured by means of a Faraday cell and a Rogovsky belt, both located at one electrode. A typical test result at a 6-kgs field strength and a 3-4- usec plasma life showed that coherent EM radiation received by a horn antenna through the tube wall and detected over the 8-14. 4-mm wavelength region was as much as 10^7 times more intense than thermal radiation from a plasma of 10-ev electron temperature, and was constant along the column. Coherence was detected by two probe antennas placed 11 mm apart in the column and connected to an 8-mm interferometer. Variation of the magnetic field from 0 to 8 kgs had no effect on observed radiation. Variation of other parameters revealed a sharply critical value of runaway electron current, below which radiation is absent and above which it rises rapidly in intensity accompanied by a dip in runaway current. This verified a causal relationship between the two. The relation of radiation intensity to initial gas pressures and to radial distance from the plasma column are also discussed. [SH]

Card 2/2

RUDNEV, Nikolay Mikhaylovich; NUTOV, Lev Oskarovich; SOKOLOVSKAYA,
T.A., red.; ZARSHCHIKOVA, L.N., tekhn. red.

[Processing of by-products in the wine-making industry] Pere-
rabotka vtorichnogo syr'ia vinodel'cheskoi promyshlennosti.
Moskva, Fishchepromizdat, 1962. 61 p. (MIRA 15:10)
(Wine and wine making--By-products)

ACC NR: AP6032246

SOURCE CODE: UR/0016/66/000/009/0070/0074

AUTHOR: Taran, I. F.; Pogorelov, N. A.; Kulikova, G. G.; Kutsemakina, A. Z.;
Rudnev, M. M.; Nelyapin, N. M.; Rudneva, V. A.; Suvorova, A. Ye.

ORG: Stavropol' branch, "Microbe" Antiplague Research Institute (Stavropol'skiy
filial, Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo protivochymnogo instituta "Mikrob")

TITLE: Brucellosis cultures isolated from rodents and their ectoparasites

SOURCE: Zhurnal mikrobiologii, epidemiologii i immunobiologii, no. 9, 1966, 70-74

TOPIC TAGS: ~~title~~, ~~author~~, epidemiology, disease vector, rodent,
parasite, animal disease, tularemia, brucellosis

ABSTRACT: Twenty-eight *brucella* cultures were isolated from wild rodents,
their ectoparasites and from domestic swine during a study of
the effects of tularemia vaccination and infection upon *brucella*
penetration. Bacteriological as well as phage typing methods
were used in identifying the individual strains. There was no
difference in cultures isolated from wild and domestic animals.
Prolonged passaging of *brucella* cultures in mice vaccinated with
tularemia vaccine and infected with virulent tularemia strains

Card 1/2

UPC: 576.851.42

ACC NR: AP6032246

did not alter their cultural or biochemical properties. Transmission of *brucella* from wild rodents to the domestic hogs used in this study was established. [WA-50; CBE No. 12]

SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 29Jan66/ ORIG REF: 004/

Card 2/2

ACC NR: AP6032246

SOURCE CODE: UR/0016/66/000/009/0070/0074

AUTHOR: Taran, I. F.; Pogorelov, N. A.; Kulikova, G. G.; Kutsema'kina, A. Z.;
Rudnev, M. M.; Nelyapin, N. M.; Rudneva, V. A.; Suvorova, A. Ye.

Scientific

ORG: Stavropol' branch, "Microbe" Antiplague Research Institute (Stavropol'skiy
filial, Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo protivochymnogo instituta "Mikrob")

TITLE: Brucellosis cultures isolated from rodents and their ectoparasites

SOURCE: Zhurnal mikrobiologii, epidemiologii i immunobiologii, no. 9, 1966, 70-74

TOPIC TAGS: ~~medicine~~, ~~epidemiology~~, epidemiology, disease vector, rodent,
parasite, animal disease, tularemia, brucellosis

ABSTRACT: Twenty-eight *brucella* cultures were isolated from wild rodents,
their ectoparasites and from domestic swine during a study of
the effects of tularemia vaccination and infection upon *brucella*
penetration. Bacteriological as well as phage typing methods
were used in identifying the individual strains. There was no
difference in cultures isolated from wild and domestic animals.
Prolonged passaging of *brucella* cultures in mice vaccinated with
tularemia vaccine and infected with virulent tularemia strains.

Card 1/2

UDC: 576.851.42

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ACC NR: AP6032246

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SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 29Jan66/ ORIG REF: 004/

Card 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

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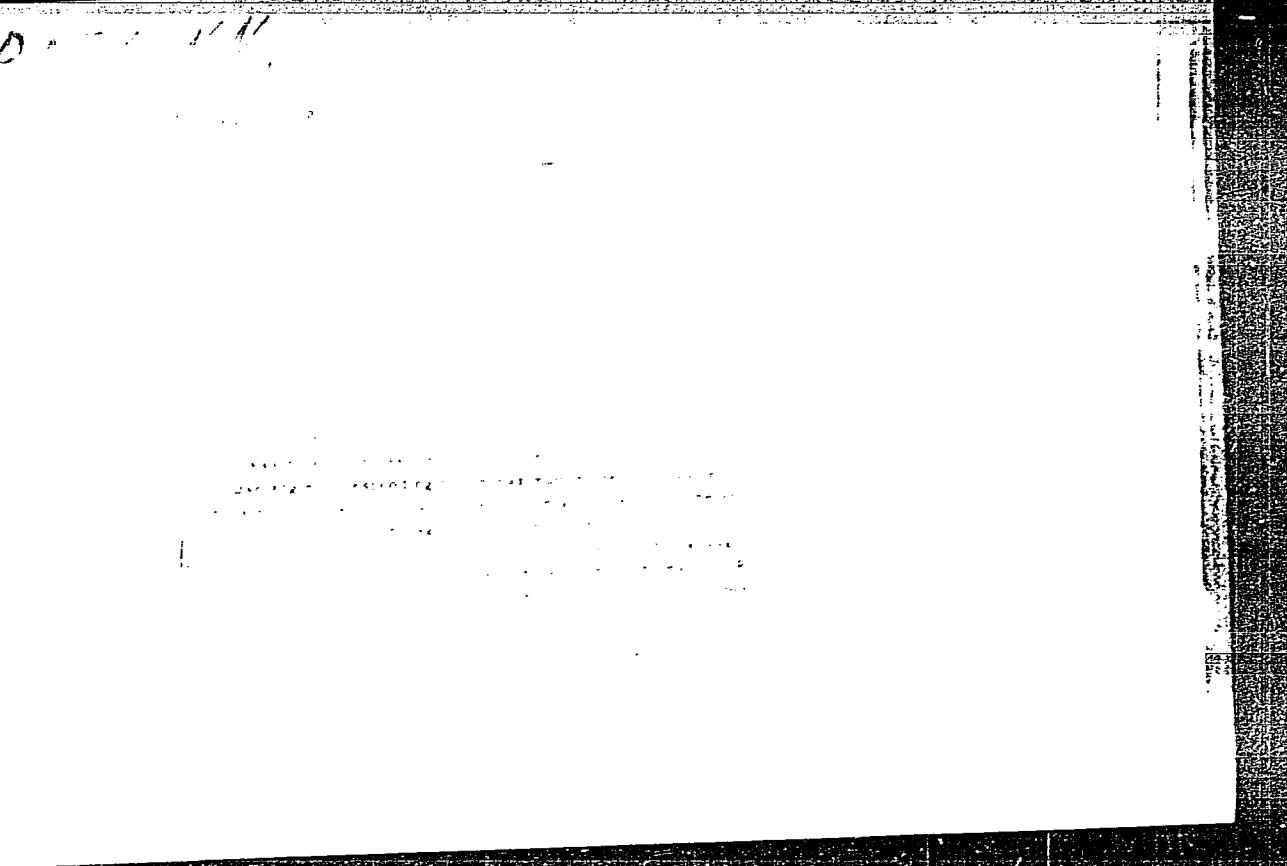
RUDNEV, N.N., inzh.

New interpretation of seamanship problems. Sudostroenie 29
no.6:67-68 Je '63. (MIRA 16:7)
(Seamanship)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"

RUDNEV, N. N.

Mechanization and automatization of industrial processes
is the basis for the development of industrial production.
Stroi.i dor.mashinostr. 4 no.8:31-33 Ag '59.
(MIRA 12:12)

(Industrial management) (Automation)

USSR / Cultivated Plants. Commercial, Oleaceous,
Sugar Bearing.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 2, 1959, No. 6339

Author : Rudnev, N. V.

Inst : Bashkir Agricultural Institute

Title : Contribution to the Problem of the Study

of Wild Hemp in Order to Improve Cultivated

Hemp on a Selective Basis

Orig Pub : Tr. Bashkisk. s.-kh. in-ta, 1957, 8, No 2,

67-74

Abstract : A study of the biology of the wild hemp showed

that it is substantially different from the

cultivated variety. The seeds of cultivated

hemp lose all their germinating capacity,

when they remain in the soil at a depth of

over 15 cm for two years. In the case of wild

Card 1/3

USSR / Cultivated Plants. Commercial, Oleaceous,
Sugar Bearing.

M-4

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 2, 1959, No. 6339

hemp, this capacity is preserved by 26 - 48% of the seeds. After harvesting, the ripening period in the seeds of wild hemp is much longer than in those of the cultivated hemp. The germinating capacity of the seeds of wild hemp continues to exist after 5 years of storage. However, the seeds of cultivated hemp lose this capacity after 3 years. The stigma's period of receptivity to pollen and the conservation of fecundity is almost twice as long in the case of the wild hemp as in the cultivated type. Wild hemp produces 10 - 20% more seeds and 10 - 13% more fiber than the cultivated variety. It is more resistant to hemp flea-beetles (*Psylliodes*

Card 2/3

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USSR / Cultivated Plants. Commercial, Oleaceous,
Sugar Bearing.

M-4

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 2, 1959, No. 6339

attenuata) and utilizes the supply of nutrient substances in the soil better. The hybrids of wild and cultivated hemp surpass the parental varieties with regard to the yield of seeds and of fiber. -- G. Yu. Dinesman

Card 3/3

PRAVDA, Ye.I.; ORLOVA, A.P.; RUDNEV, N.V.

Production of the grape vacuum must at the canneries in
Moldavia. Kons.i ov.prom. 15 no.1:4-9 Ja '60.
(MIRA 13:5)

1. Moldavskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut pishchevoy
promyshlennosti (for Pravda). 2. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-
tekhnicheskiy komitet pri Sovete Ministrov Moldavskoy SSR (for
Orlova, Rudnev).
(Moldavia--Must)

RUDNEV, N. V. and P. A. SAMOILOVICH.

Tekhnicheskaiia eksplotatsiia i montazh pod"- emno-transportnykh mashin. Utverzhda.
v kachestve uchebn. posobiia dlja vtuzov rechnogo transporta. Leningrad, Izd-vo
Min. rechn. flota SSSR, 1946. 363 p. illus.

Technical operation and installation of hoisting and conveying machines.

DLC: TJ1350.R8

SO: Manufacturing and Mechanical Engineering in the Soviet Union,
Library of Congress, 1953.

DOL'NITSKIY, B.N., inzh.; RUDNEV, O.L., inzh.

Problem concerning the class of precision of single-phase watt-hour meters. Elektrichestvo no.11:70-73 N '61. (MIRA 14:11)

1. Vil'nyusskiy zavod elektroschetchikov.
(Watt-hour meters)

L 6371-66

EWT(d)/EWP(1)

IJP(c) BB/GG

ACC NR: AP5026746

SOURCE CODE: UR/0286/65/000/017/0022/0023

INVENTOR: Rudnev, O. V.

34

ORG: none

TITLE: A device for converting pulse amplitude to the corresponding duration.
Class 21, No. 174211

SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 17, 1965, 22-23

TOPIC TAGS: pulse coding, pulse conversion, amplitude duration converter 16c

ABSTRACT: This Author's Certificate introduces a device for converting pulse amplitude to the corresponding duration. This converter uses comparison with the clamping threshold of the exponentially decaying voltage across the capacitor in an RC circuit which is charged through a resistor in the grid-cathode section of the converter tube and discharged through the resistor in the RC circuit. The converter is simplified by connecting the capacitor in the RC circuit in series with the grid of the converter tube and the pulse source, while the resistor in this circuit is connected between the grid and the power supply. The load is connected in the plate circuit of the tube. The pulse taken from the load is equal in duration to the cutoff period of the tube with respect to the grid voltage across the capacitor in the RC circuit and the given amplitude of the input pulse.

UDC: 621.376.5

Card 1/2

L 6371-66

ACC NR: AP5026746

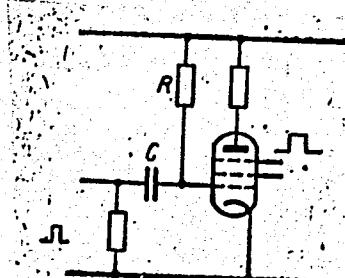


Fig. 1.

SUB CODE: DP,EC/

SUBM DATE: 25Jul60/

ORIG REF: 000/ OTH REF: 000

nw
Card 2/2

RUDNEV, O.V.

Autotransformer with automatic regulation of the output voltage.
Priborostroenie no.3:24 Mr '63. (MIRA 16:6)

(Electric transformers)
(Voltage regulators)

RUDNEV, O. V.

Tadzhmya gosizdat; izdorstvo po ispol'zovaniyu radioaktivnykh ischulyachnykh i izotopov v geologii nafti (Sakhar Geophysical Collection of Articles on the Use of Radioactive Radiation and Isotopes in Petroleum Geology) Moscow, 1959. 2 vols. 1,200 copies printed.
Branca slip inserted. 370 p.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for petroleum geologists, geophysicists and scientists engaged in geological research who are interested in radiometric techniques of petroleum prospecting.

CONTENTS: The collection contains 28 articles compiled by staff members and aspirants of the Laboratory for Nuclear Geology and Geochronometry of the All-Union Institute for Geology and Mineral Resources (now the Institute for the Study of the Earth's Crust and Mineral Resources). The Institute is located in Moscow. The laboratory for Radiometric Locating of Oil Fields of the Councils of Ministers of the Soviet Union Scientific Research Institute of Geophysics and the Oil-Field Planning Research Projects for Petroleum Enterprises. The articles treat new material on radiometric surveying in petroleum geology, describe radioactive instruments (counters, etc.), for radiometric neutron and gamma-ray surveys, give the results of research which reveals the nature of rock strata, introduce fundamental details of a new method for effectively utilizing radioactive isotopes of strontium in bore holes, etc. Problems of radioactive measurements in bore holes, the study and interpretation of radiometric measurements in bore holes are reviewed, as well as the results of studies in the nonabsorption method in tracing the movement of petroleum and water in a stratum. Finally, a new method of surveying based on measuring the radioactivity of tritium in tracing a young radioactive petroleum deposit is described. No personal�

the surface of a young radioactive petroleum deposit is described.

Aleks'yan, S.M. Mapping Petroleum-Water Surfaces of Contact in Aeromagnetic Oil Fields by the Method of Induced Radioactivity of Sodium-22 100

Berezin, N.A. Possibility of the Method of Induced Radioactivity for Quantitative Evaluation of the Petroleum Capacity and Other Characteristics 103

of Strata

Blinov, P.M. The Effectiveness of the Methods of Induced Radioactivity of Sodium and Chlorine to Compute the Oil- and Water-Bearing Capacity of Devonian Sandstones 110

Burov, B.M., G.I. Dergachev, P.Ts. Denishev, B.P. Dolzhikov, and V.O. Grishchenko. Utilization of Spallation Reactions in the Neutron-Neutron Method (NNM) of Evaluating the Porosity of Sand and Carbonate Collectors 121

Aleks'yan, P.A., S.A. Denishev, I.V. Miller, and V.P. Glazkov. The Use of Gamma-Ray Spectrometry to Investigate Bore Holes 124

Oubermann, Sh. A. Gamma-Ray Spectrometry of Natural and Artificial Radioactive Isotopes Under Bore Hole Conditions 146

Dolzhikov, V.P., S.A. Denishev, and Yu. S. Shabunovich. Determination of the Point of Water-Petroleum Contact From Data Collected Using the Neutron-Neutron Method With Scintillation Counters (NN-15) and the Neutron-Neutron Method Based on Thermal Neutrons (NNK-T) 154

Blazhkov, I.B. Separation of the Radiation of Different Elements During the Investigation of Petroleum-Survey Bore Holes by the Methods of Induced Radioactivity of Sodium and Chlorine 170

Drozdov, I.E. and R.A. Repenov. The Use of Scintillation Counters to Count Slow Neutrons in Petroleum Survey Bore Holes 187

Fedorov, L.V. Distribution of Slow Neutrons in a Heterogeneous Medium 195

Gulya, Yu.A. Influence of the Conditions of Measuring Upon Evaluating the Porosity of Rock According to Data Obtained by the Neutron-Gamma Method 201

Pilipenko, O.I.—Development of New Types of Radiometric Apparatus for Use in Petroleum Survey Operations 222

Aleks'yan, P.A., M.I. Yermakov, and V.A. Filimonov. The Problem of Radium and Uranium Content in Oil-Field Waters 252

Tatarskaya, L.Z. The Problem of Determining the Point of Water-Petroleum Contact Under Conditions of Clastic Wells in Carbonate Deposits 253

Yermakov, V.L., A.I. Lebedevskikh, M.G. Ovanesov, Yu. A. Repenov, and N.N. Slobodyan. Results of Investigations of Natural Gamma Fields in Oil-Field Bore Holes 264

RUDNEV, G.V.

Investigation of single core logging cable as a communication channel in a pulse system of information transmission. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft' i gaz 6 no.7:89-95 '63.

(MIRA 17:8)

2. Azerbaydzhanskiy institut nefti i khimii imeni Azizbekova.

RUDNEV, O.V.

Strobe pulse generator for the commutator of a multichannel tele-metering system with time division of channels. Za tekhn. prog. 3
no.12:7-8,15 D '63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Spetsial'noye konstruktorskoye byuro po geofizicheskому priborostroyeniyu tresta "Azneftegeofizika".

RUDNEV, O.V.

Portable device for electric logging on a single-wire cable. Razved. i
(MIRA 16:3)
prom. geofiz. no.46:86-95 '62.
(Electric prospecting—Equipment and supplies)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0

RUDNEV, P., podpolkovnik; MATYASH, V., podpolkovnik

Preparation for firing. Voen. vest. 42 no.8:91-93 Ag '62.
(MIRA 15:7)
(Antiaircraft artillery)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"

RUDNEV, P.

Polytechnical education and general knowledge of electrical
engineering among the people. Elektricheskoe no.1:82 Ja '54.

(MILRA 7:2)

1. Tekhnika elektropodstansii shakty Komi ASSR.
(Electric engineering) (Engineering--Study and teaching)

Method of detecting arsenious acid. M. M. Rudnev and P. M. Rudnev, *Zavodskaya Lab.* 13, 129 (1947).—To 3 ml. of the soln., neutralized to a pH of 7-8 add dropwise 0.1 N *AgNO*₃ to complete pptn. and boil for 3-4 min. Blackening of the ppt. after the boiling confirms arsenite.

Phosphates, arsenates, sulfates, nitrates, chlorides, and starch do not interfere. A method is suggested for the synthesis of acids treated with acetone complex.

一一八

A.1.1.4. STÄDTEBAULICHE LITERATURKLASSEFIKATION

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0

RUDNEV, P.S., brigadir

With good rating. Transp. stroi. 15 no.2/32 F 165. (MIRA 12:3)

SU-208 tresta Sredaztransstroy.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0

RUDNEV, P.V.

Outstanding theorist of technical education. Politekh.obuch. no.2:7-15
F '59. (MIRA 12:3)
(Krupskaya, Nadezhda Konstantinovna, 1869-1939)
(Technical education)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"

RUDNEV, P.V.

Basic instruction in electricity for everybody. Politekh. obuch.
no.5:9-13 My '58. (MIRA 11:5)

(Lenin, Vladimir Il'ich, 1870-1924)
(Electric engineering--Study and teaching)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0

RUDNEV, P.V.

RUDNEV, P.V.

Shortcomings of new programs on practical work and the principles
of industrial education. Politekh. obuch. no.2:12-23 F '57.
(MLRA 10:5)

(Technical education)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"

LEVITSKAYA, O.M.; BRESLER, V.A.; RUDNEV, S.A.

Using the imported "MAS" machine for manufacturing articles of
glass plastics by the spraying method. Plast.massy no.12:26-
31 '61. (MIRA 14:12)

(Glass reinforced plastics)
(Plastic spraying)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

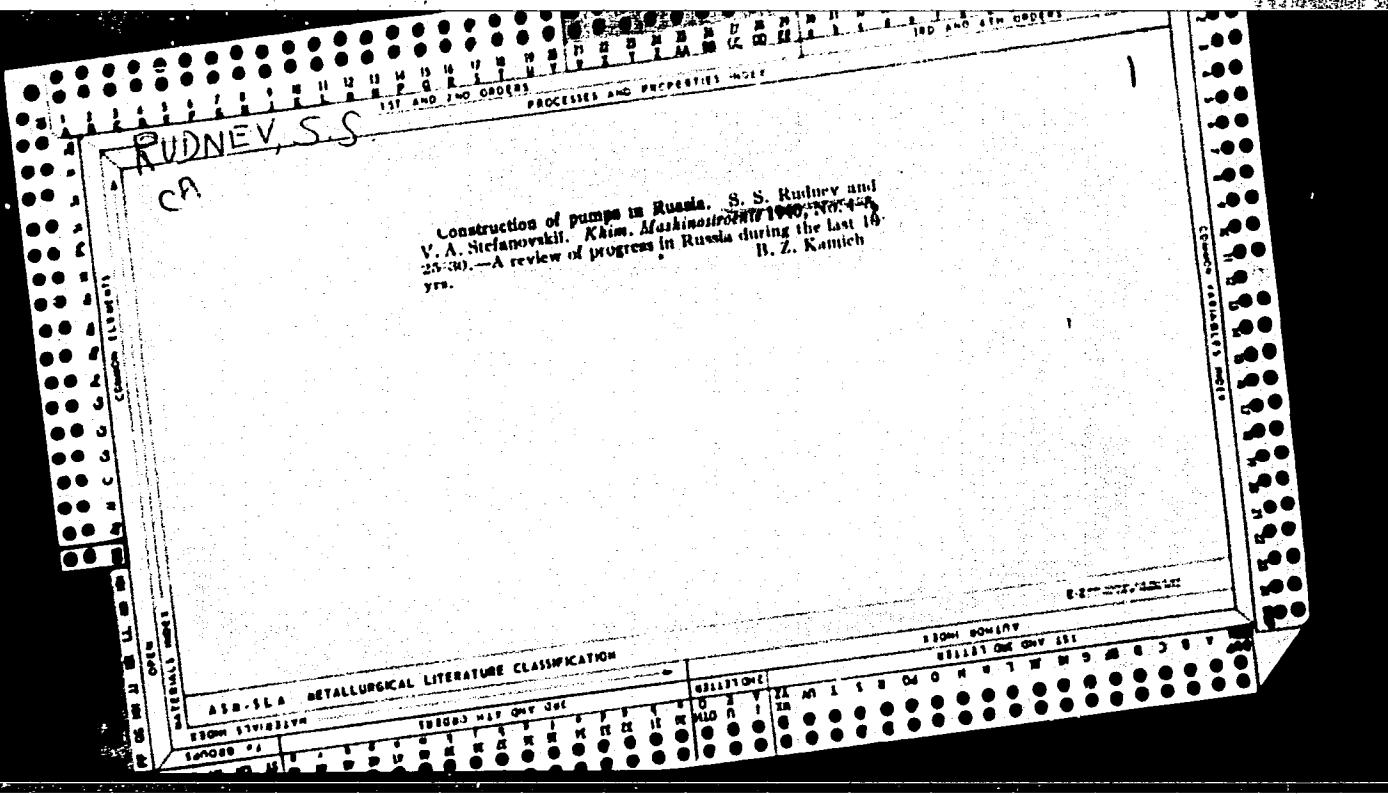
CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0

BUDNEV, S.G.

Filmstrips. Nauka i pered.op.v sel'khoz.7 no.1:88-90 Ja '57.
(Agriculture--Study and teaching) (MLRA 10:2)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"



NEKRASOV, Boris Borisovich; BURAGO, G.F., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk;
KOSOUROV, K.F., prof., retsenzent; FABRIKANT, N.Ya., retsenzent;
RUDNEV, S.S., retsenzent; SHIL'TSEV, A.N., red.; STREL'NIKOVA,
M.A., tekhn.red.

[Hydraulics] Gidravlika. Moskva, Voen.izd-vo M-va obor.SSSR.
1960. 260 p. (MIRA 13:5)
(Hydraulics)

VYTRASHEVSKIY, D.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; RUDNEV, S.S., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; ITKIN, I.M., inzhener, zaveduyushchiy redaktsiyey; MODEL', B.I., tekhnicheskiy redaktor; TIEHCHOV, A.Ya., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Calculation and investigation of hydraulic turbine cascades]
Raschety i issledovaniia gidrodinamicheskikh reshetok. Gos. nauchno-tehnicheskoe izdatel'stvo mashinostroitel'noi lit-ry. Moskva, 1953. 86 p. (Vsesoyuznyi nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut gidromashino-stroeniia. Trudy, no.16). (MIRA 10:7)

(Hydraulic turbines)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0

GOLUBEV, Aleksey Ivanovich; RUDNEV, S.S., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; KARGANOV,
V.G., inzh.red.; DOBRITSYNA, R.I., tekhn.red.; GORDEYEVA, L.P., tekhn.red.

[Labyrinth pumps for the chemical industry] Labirintnye nasosy dlia
khimicheskoi promyshlennosti. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo
mashinostroit. lit-ry, 1961. 72 p. (MIRA 14:8)
(Pumping machinery)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"

RUDNEV, S.V.; KUROCHKINA, V.A., inzh.

Pneumatic removal of waste in sorting and picking sections.
Tekst. prom. 18 no. 7:48-49 J1 '58. (MIRA 11:?)

1. Glavnnyy energetik pryadil'no-tkatskogo kombinata "Krasnoye
znamya."
(Textile factories--Heating and ventilation)

RUDNEV, S. V. and GAGAPIN, E. I.

Teplovye dvigateli. Dop. v kachestve uchebnika dlja avtotransp.
tekhnikumov. Moskva, Mashgiz, 1949. 513 p. diagrs.
Bibliography: p. (500)

Heat engines.

DLC: TJ755.G3

SO: Manufacturing and Mechanical Engineering in the Soviet Union, Library of
Congress, 1953.

RUDNEV, S.V., glavnyy energetik; KUROCHKINA, V.A.. inzhener.

Centralized separator on a ring spinning frame. Tekst. prom.16
no.10:31-32 O '56. (MIRA 10:1)

1. Ramenskaya khlopchatobumazhnaya fabrika "Krasnoye znamya."
(Spinning machinery)

RUDNEV, V.A.

There was a ball in the joint gap; story. Put' i put. khoz.
8 no.5:43 My '64. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Starshiy dorozhnyy master, stantsiya Yelets, Yugo-
Vostochnoy dorogi.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0

RUNUSHKIN, Edison Alekseyevich; RUDNEV, Vladimir Fedorovich; BAL'CHEVA,
S.M., red.; LEONOVА, L.P., tekhn. red.

[Industry today and tomorrow] Segodnia i zavtra promyshlennosti.
Vladimir, Vladimirske knizhnoe izd-vo, 1960. 68 p.

(MIRA 14:12)

(Vladimir Province—Industries)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"

SCV/122-58-11-7/18

AUTHOR: Rudnev, V.I., Engineer (VPTI Tyazhelogo mashinostroyeniya)

TITLE: Mechanisation and Automation of Manufacturing Processes in Heavy Engineering (Mekhanizatsiya i avtomatizatsiya tekhnologicheskikh protsessov v tyazhelom mashinostroyenii)

PERIODICAL: Vestnik Mashinostroyeniya, 1958, Nr 11, pp 36-39 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: At the All-Union Engineering Design Institute for Heavy Engineering (VPTI Tyazhelogo mashinostroyeniya), a series of new machines for the mechanised production of large shell moulds with thermoplastic mixtures has been developed and prototypes have been constructed. These include an installation for the preparation of the thermoplastic moulding mixture, a machine, type SKF-3M, for making shell half-moulds, a press for the assembly and bonding of shell half-moulds and a turntable transporter for filling of shell moulds with metal. Development work on semi-automatic machines for the making of shell cores with thermoplastic mixtures is proceeding at the Institute in association with the Kolomna Diesel Locomotive Works (Kolomenskiy teplovozostroitel'nyy zavod) "Imeni Kuybysheva" and the

Card 1/5

SOV/122-58-11-7/18

Mechanisation and Automation of Manufacturing Processes in Heavy Engineering

Moscow "Dinamo" Works. The experimental operation of a new machine, type PPP-2, for making cores of rapidly drying mixtures has given satisfaction at the "Imeni Kuybysheva" Works. This machine is a sand blasting pulsating semi-automatic plant with an automatic operating cycle. The moulding mixture is shot from a 2 litre working cylinder into a closed mould box. The cylinder is replenished from an automatic dosage unit after each shot. Moulds with up to 20 cylinder volumes are filled and compacted in less than 14 seconds. At the Elektrostal'sk Heavy Engineering Works a mechanised production line is in preparation for the making of foundry moulds by means of an ordinary sand blasting machine. A precision casting section using the investment casting process with water-glass is being mechanised at the Uralmashzavod. Also at the Uralmashzavod, designs prepared by the Institute are being applied in making high frequency induction hardening installations for heavy components, namely:-

Card 2/5

SOV/122-58-11-7/18

Mechanisation and Automation of Manufacturing Processes in Heavy Engineering

(a) Machine for the hardening of straight and herringbone helical spur gears and of bevel gears with diameters up to 2000 mm, weighing up to 7000 kg (Fig.2). Two such machines, front to front permit the hardening of gears up to 5 m; (b) Shaft hardening machine for plain, splined and integral gear shafts up to 6 m lengths, 0.6 m diameter and 10 tons weight. The length of the hardened section can reach 3 m. The shaft is mounted vertically as shown in Fig.3; (c) Machine for hardening hoisting gear components up to 1.5 m diameter and 2 ton weight; (d) Machine for the hardening of worms from 10 mm module to the highest known in practice as well as large screws with a hardened length up to 3 m. A semi-automatic machine for the hardening of rims and sleeves of gear couplings has been developed. A machine for multi-spindle drilling of centralised lubricating installation distribution housings (60-spindle horizontal drilling and tapping unit-built machine), illustrated in Fig.4, has been set to work.

Card 3/5

SOV/122-58-11-7/18

Mechanisation and Automation of Manufacturing Processes in Heavy Engineering

The drilling and tapping of 10 types and sizes of distributor housings has been fully automated. Electro-mechanical control apparatus for mechanising the production cycle in radial drilling machines, model 255, and an automatic dividing table are now manufactured which together permit the fully automatic machining of fixing holes in flanges and faces. A 37 m long machining unit for bulky components incorporating standard milling and boring heads, type LR-24, has been erected at the Novo-Kramatorsk Engineering Works. The development of means for setting up, clamping and inspecting large components during machining is proceeding. This includes a remotely controlled hydraulic precision jack for the precise positioning of jacking points in heavy components. An automated production line for standardised reduction gear boxes, type RM-400 and RM-500, has been in operation at the Leningrad "Krasnyy Metallist" Works.

Card 4/5

SOV/122-58-11-7/18

Mechanisation and Automation of Manufacturing Processes in Heavy Engineering

Automatic and remote control equipment for universal lathes is being developed in co-operation with the Automatic and Remote Control Institute of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR. There 6 illustrations including 5 photographs.

Card 5/5

RUDNEV, V.I., inzh.

Mechanization and automation of industrial processes in the heavy
machinery industry. Vest.mash. 38 no.11:36-39 N '58.
(MIRA 11:11)

1. Vsesoyuznyy proyektno-tehnologicheskiy institut tyazhelogo mashino-
stroyeniya.
(Automation) (Machinery industry)

RUDNEV, V. K., inz.

Resistance of sil to the cutting with rectangular knives.
Strojirenstvi 14 no. 3: 207-208 Mr '64.

1. Kharkovskiy avtomobil'nyy i dorozhnyy institut.

GOL'TSBERG, I.A., doktor geogr. nauk; VERIGO, S.A., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; SIMEONOV, V.V., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; BORISO-GLEBSKIY, G.I., kand. geogr. nauk; OKUSHKO, A.A., kand. geogr. nauk; RUDNEV, V.M., kand. geogr. nauk; DAVITAYA, F.F., akademik, otd. red.; ZHDANOVA, L.P., red.; ALEKSEYEV, A.G., tekhn. red.

[Evaluation of the agroclimatic conditions of farm lands] Otsenka agroklimaticheskikh uslovii sel'skokhoziaistvennykh polei. Leningrad, Gidrometeor.izd-vo, 1961. 75 p. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Akademiya nauk Gruzinskoy SSR (for Davitaya).
(Crops and climate)

MIKHAYLOV, A.N., otv.red.; SAKULINSKAYA, M.G., otv.red.; GULINOVA, N.V., nauchnyy sotrudnik, retsenzent; KACHAYEVA, O.L., nauchnyy sotrudnik, retsenzent; POPOVSKAYA, O.M., nauchnyy sotrudnik, retsenzent; POBETOVA, T.A., nauchnyy sotrudnik, retsenzent; RUDNEV, V.M., nauchnyy sotrudnik, retsenzent; SAVZDARG, S.F., nauchnyy sotrudnik, retsenzent; USHAKOVA, T.V., red.; VLADIMIROV, O.G., tekhn.red.

[Agroclimatic reference book on Chuvashia] Agroklimaticheskii spravochnik po Chuvashskoi ASSR. Leningrad, Gidrometeor.izd-vo, 1960. 127 p. (MIRA 13:11)

1. Gorkiy. Gidrometeorologicheskaya observatoriya. 2. TSentral'nyy institut prognozov (for Gulinova, Kachayeva, Popovskaya, Pobetova, Rudnev, Savzdarg).

(Chuvashia--Crops and climate)

RUDNEV, VASIL'Y MIKHAYLOVICH

VENTSKEVICH, Georgiy Zenonovich; KIRILICHEVA, Klavdiya Vasil'yevna;
RUDNEV, Vasiliy Mikhaylovich; PROTOPPOV, V.S., redaktor;
SOLOVEYCHIK, A.A., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Using a knowledge of climate and weather in fruit growing]
Ispol'zovanie znanii o klimate i pogode v plodovodstve. Pod
red. G.Z.Ventskevicha. Leningrad, Gidrometeor. izd-vo, 1957.
(MLRA 10:?)
73 p.
(Meteorology, Agricultural) (Fruit culture)

RUDNEV, V.M.

Agricultural meteorological characteristics of growth and development conditions of winter crops during the fall season in the irrigated region of the Kuybyshev hydroelectric development. Trudy TSIP no.29:70-76 '53. (MLRA 8:6)
(Kuybyshev Hydroelectric Power Station region--Crops and climate)

RUDENKOV, V.M.

Reliability of data from prospecting drilling. Razved. i okh.
nedr. 30 no.3:38-39 Mr '64 (MIRA 18:1)

1. Vostochno-Kazakhstanskiy soveta narodnogo khozyaystva.

SOKLOV, S.D.; RUEMOV, V.N.; MUCHINOV, I.G.; TREYVAS, M.D., kand.
tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; IVANOV, I.I., kand. tekhn. nauk,
retsenzent; PETROVKOV, I.K., inzh., red.

[Inverter units of traction substations; characteristics
of their operation and adjustment] Invertornye agregaty
tiagovykh podstantsii; osobennosti raboty i nalaadki. Mo-
skva, Transport, 1964. 45 p. (MIA 17:8)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0

RUDNEV, V.N., kand.tekhn.nauk; NOCHENOV, I.G., kand.tekhn.nauk; GRINEBERG, M.M.,
inzh.

Type 6UI-303 rectifier for substations. Elek. i tepl.tiaga 6
no.8:5-7 Ag '62. (MIRA 17:3)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"

MOCHENOV, I.G., kand. tekhn. nauk; SOKOLOV, S.D., kand. tekhn. nauk;
PUDNEV, V.N., kand. tekhn. nauk.

Economic efficiency of the use of regenerative braking. Zhel. dor. transp. 46 no.5:41-43 My '64. (MIRA 18:2)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0

KVANTUM
The second edition of the statistics of errors in the reflection method. Part 2.
Material. geefiz. no.44:15-2L '65. (MIRA 18:9)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"

S/196/61/000/011/039/042
E194/E155

AUTHOR:

Rudnev, V.N.

TITLE:

Determination of the inductance of an invertor reactor when it is disturbed from the condition of maintaining regenerative braking in an electric locomotive

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Elektrotehnika i energetika, no.11, 1961, 6, abstract 11L 31. (Tr. Vses. n.-i. in-ta zh.-d. transp. no.206, 1961, 54-62)

TEXT: Reliable regeneration depends on stable operation of the invertors installed in traction substations. Causes of invertor failure are: breakdown, extinction of field arc and short-term (0.5 sec) reduction of primary a.c. voltage. If the time of loss of valve control is less than 0.02 seconds the invertor may be pulled into operation (without being disconnected) by a reactor with an inductance of 100 milliHenries. During unavoidable voltage-drops due to various kinds of transient short-circuit in the primary supply circuit, the invertor trips out of operation. In such cases a reactor with an inductance of

Card 1/3

Determination of the inductance ...

S/196/61/000/011/039/042
E194/E155

100 milliHenries does not prevent breakdown of operation. Recurrent reconnection requires a reactor of considerably less inductance. In order to determine this value, tests were made under regenerative conditions on a sub-station with an inverter and two rectifiers. An electric locomotive type BJ 22 m (VL 22 m) was regenerating with two motors in a single circuit. The maximum reactor current was 220 A. At the instant when the inverter ceased to operate, the current rose to 970 A and flashover occurred on the motor commutator. The test results provided a basis for the calculations. Using the method of superposition, the circuit was represented in the form of two equivalent circuits. The operator method was used to analyse the circuits. Calculations by the formulae that were derived gave a maximum current i_{max} of 1090 A, which is in good agreement with test data. It is taken that i_{max} should not exceed twice the hourly rating or 1800 A (in parallel connection) and for locomotive VL 22 m a reactor inductance of 10 milliHenries is recommended. The calculated value i_{max} then equals 1330 A, which is quite permissible. In designing the reactor it is

Card 2/3 ✓

Determination of the inductance ... S/196/61/000/011/039/042
E194/E155

necessary to allow for the number of rectifiers operating in parallel, for the voltage on the busbars and for the distance of the locomotive from the sub-station. The method of calculation can be used for any power equipment of rectifier sub-stations and of electric rolling stock.
3 illustrations. 3 literature references.

[Abstractor's note: Complete translation.]

Card 3/3

RUDNEV, V.N., kand. tekhn. nauk

Study of the operation of IVS-300/5 ignitrons with grid
internally fed by the anode. Trudy TSNII MPS no.250:46-55
'63. (MIRA 16:6)

(Mercury-arc rectifiers)
(Electric locomotives--Electric equipment)

RUDNEV, V.N., kand. tekhn. nauk

Analysis of possibilities for preventing inverse firing in
mercury rectifiers. Trudy TSNII MPS no.250:19-45 '63.
(MIRA 16:6)

(Mercury-arc rectifiers)
(Electric railroads—Current supply)

L 11989-66 EWT(1)/EWA(h) GW
ACC NR: AT5028865 SOURCE CODE: UR/2552/65/000/044/0015/0027
44 55
AUTHOR: Kozlov, Ye. A.; Rudnev, V. N.
ORG: All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Geophysical Prospecting Methods, Moscow (Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut geofizicheskikh metodov razvedki)
TITLE: Determination of the sources of error in the method of reflected waves (Part II)
SOURCE: Moscow. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut geofizicheskikh metodov razvedki. Prikladnaya geofizika, no. 44, 1965, 15-24
TOPIC TAGS: seismic prospecting, seismic wave

ABSTRACT: Methods of evaluating the main sources of error in a single determination of depth by the method of reflected waves based on a statistical analysis of the data are proposed. The methods of discriminating the main source of error by means of graphs of $\zeta(\epsilon)$ or $\Delta h(h)$ are valuable because they make complete use of factual data and are free of a number of prior assumptions; their disadvantages are discussed. It was confirmed that the main sources of error in seismic prospecting by

, 1/2

L 11

ACC NR: AT5028865

the method of reflected waves in Western Ciscaucasia and Kuybyshev Zavolzh'ye were correlation and approximation errors. Ergo, in evaluating the accuracy of work in these regions, it is insufficient to consider random errors of time measurement and graphical errors alone as has previously been the case. In considering the magnitude of the approximation errors, it is necessary to keep in mind that--given the present level of the method of reflected waves--the continuous tracking of reflection horizons will permit a reduction of the root-mean-square errors of mapping Cretaceous (Ciscaucasia) and Carboniferous-Devonian (Zavolzh'ye) horizons by an average of 15 to 25 m. Orig. art. has: 2

SUB CODE: 08,17/ SUBM DATE: 00/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 000

OC
Card 2/2

S/169/62/000/007/054/149
D228/D307

AUTHORS: Rudnev, V. N. and Karayev, B. M.

TITLE: Seismic surveying accuracy and the stratification of phantom horizons in the Azerbaijan SSR

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geofizika, no. 7, 1962, 23, abstract 7A151 (V sb. Sostoyaniye i perspektivy razvitiya geofiz. metodov poiskov i razvedki polezn. iskopemykh, M., Gostoptekhizdat, 1961, 316-320)

TEXT: The results of analyzing the accuracy of seismic survey data are cited. The mean velocity was determined with an error of 0.2 - 0.7% from seismic logging data and with one of 2% from reflected wave recordings. The form of the mean velocity isolines in the sections is similar to that of the geologic boundaries. The error in the dip angles of the reflecting horizons comprises 3°20' for the Apsheronskiy Peninsula and 1°50' for the Prikurinskaya Lowlands. /Abstracter's note: Complete translation. 7/

Card 1/1

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0

RUDNEV, V.N.; TUMIKYAN, G.G.

Letter to the editor. Azerb. neft. khoz. 38 no.7:9 Jl '59.
(MIRA 13:9)
(Kura Lowland--Geology, Structural)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0

RUDNEV, V.N., kand.tekhn.nauk

Improvement of inverter circuits. Vest. TSNII MPS 20 no.7:57-59
'61. (MIRA 14:12)

(Electric railroads--Substations)
(Electric current rectifiers)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"

SOROKIN, V.I., inzh.; OSIPOV, S.I., inzh.; NEMUKHIN, V.P., kand.tekhn.nauk;
HUDNEV, V.N., inzh.

Replies to readers' questions. Elek. i tepl.tinga 4 no.2:43-44 F
'60. (MIRA 13:6)

(Railroad engineering)

VAYSMAN, G.I.; RUDNEV, V.N.

Adapting the seismic station SS-26-51D for correlation refraction
work. Razved.i prom.geofiz. no.10:31-36 '54. (MIRA 13:2)
(Prospecting—Geophysical methods)

RUDNEV, V.N.

Correcting the dip angle of the reflecting surface for the
vertical gradient of average velocity. Razved. i prom. geofiz.
no.28:3-16 '59. (MIRA 13:1)
(Prospecting--Geophysical methods)

RUDNEV, V.N., inzh.

Simple method for reducing arc-back in rectifiers. Elek.
tepl.tiaga 3 no.7:19-20 J1 '59. (MIRA 13:3)
(Electric current rectifiers)

MOCHENOV, I.G., inzh.; RUDNEV, V.N., kand.tekhn.nauk; SOKOLOV, S.D., kand.tekhn.nauk; PETRUSHKOVA, I.K., inzh., red.; MEDVEDEVA, M.A., tekhn. red.

[Studying the power supply systems of electrified railroads]
Issledovaniia ustroistv energosnabzheniya elektrifitsirovannykh zheleznykh dorog. Moskva, Vses.izdatel'sko-poligr. ob"edinenie m-va putei soob., 1961. 68 p. (Moscow. Vsesoiuznyi nauchno-issledovatel'skii institut zheleznodorozhного transporta. Trudy, no.206). (MIRA 14:5)

(Electric railroads—Current supply)

RUDNEV, V.N.

Evaluating the accuracy of hodographs of reflected waves by the
dispersion of values of effective velocity. Prikl. geofiz.no.15:24-
32 '56. (MLRA 10:1)

(Seismic waves)

5280

Evaluating the Precision of Odographs From Reflected (Cont.) 15-57-4-5280

reflected wave. For each interval of time (or depth), the average square of error of ΔT for one observation of time is calculated.
Card 2/2

Ye. P. V.

KUDNEV, V. N.

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION 1077

Prikladnaya geofizika; sbornik statey, vyp. 20 (Applied Geophysics; Collection of Articles, v. 20) Moscow, Gostoptekhizdat, 1958. 267 p. 3,000 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agency: Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut geofizicheskikh metodov razvedki.

Ed.: Polshkov, M.K.; Executive Ed.: Kuz'mina, N.N.; Tech. Ed.: Solomonidin, S.M.

PURPOSE: This collection of articles is published for scientific, engineering and technical personnel interested in problems of applied geophysics.

COVERAGE: These articles are concerned with the methodology of interpreting the results of gravimetric, seismic and electrical surveys. A new method of depth finding using ultrasonic principles is described in the article by L.A. Sergeyev. Other articles review the collecting properties of rocks on the basis of data obtained from resistometers and the application of charged particle accelerators in well logging.

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Applied Geophysics; Collection of Articles, v. 20)

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AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

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MM/fal
1-23-59

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0

RUDNEV, V.N.

Assumed horizons in seismic reflection surveys on land in the
Azerbaijan S.S.R. Prikl. geofiz. no.20:46-59 '58.

(MIRA 11:11)

(Azerbaijan--Prospecting--Geophysical methods)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"

RUDNEV, V.I., inzh.

Protection of electric locomotive regenerative systems during
emergency cut-outs of inverters. Elek. i tepl. tiaga 2 no.9:
7-10 S '58. (MIRA 11:10)

(Electric locomotives)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0

Petroleum ~~disposal~~ dry land ~~the~~ order of Fiber Red Banner

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0

MOCHENOV, I.G., kand.tekhn.nauk; SOKOLOV, S.D., kand.tekhn.nauk;
RUDNEV, V.N., kand.tekhn.nauk

Selecting the polygon of regeneration and the receiver of excess
power. Vest. TSNII MPS 23 no.1:18-22 '64. (MIRA 17:4)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"

RUDNEV, V. N. and VEYSMAN, G. I.

"Adjustment of the Seismostation SS-26-51-D for Operation on KMPV".
Razved. i Promysl. Geofizika, No 10, pp 31-36, 1954.

The rather simple adjustment of the amplifier stage of the seismo-station SS-26-51-D to passing by means of relays from reflected wave filtration to filtrations KMPV is described. The simplified circuits of amplifier adjustment are given. (RZhFiz, No 11, 1955)

SO: Sum No 884, 9 Apr 1956

KHARLAMENKO, V. I.; SADAYEV, N. G.; RUDNEV, V. P.

Using an ejector in pumping stations for pumping out leakage.
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RUDNEV, V. S.

Ethnic Types - Malaya (Federation)

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Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, December 1952. Unclassified.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0

KUZNETSKIY, V.V.; NIFONTOV, N.G.; RODIONOV, Yu.P.; RUDNEV, V.Y.

Study of a surface varactor with metal-titanium dioxide-silicon
structure. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; radiotekhnika i elektronika, 1965,
no. 2:213-221 (MIREA 12:7)

Mr.-Ap '65.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001445930005-0"

RUDNEV, V.V.

Some shortcomings in the organization of technical education.
Politicheskaya zhurnalistika, no. 9:3-5 Aug. '57. (MIRA 10:9)
(Technical education)

RUDIN, V. S.

Sila otdachi avtomaticheskogo oruzhiia na samolete. (Tekhnika vozdushnogo flota, 1945, no. 3, p. 16-25, and p. 40, diagrs.)
Title tr.: Recoil force of aircraft automatic weapons.

TL504.Th 1945

SO: Aeronautical Sciences and Aviation in the Soviet Union, Library of Congress, 1956.

L 55112-65 EWT(m)/EWP(t)/EWP(b) IJP(c) JD
ACCESSION NR: AP5014884

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621.382 B

AUTHOR: Kuznetskiy, V. V.; Nifontov, N. G.; Rodionov, Yu. P.; Rudnev, V. V.

TITLE: Investigation of a surface varactor having a metal-titanium-dioxide-silicon structure

SOURCE: IVUZ. Radiotekhnika, v. 8, no. 2, 1965, 213-221

TOPIC TAGS: varactor, metal titanium dioxide silicon varactor

ABSTRACT: The principle of operation of a surface varactor is examined. The following parameters of surface varactors with a titanium dioxide dielectric are measured: capacitance vs frequency (10^3 - 10^6 cps) at zero bias; capacitance vs bias voltage (-4+5 v) at 10^3 , 10^4 , 10^5 , 10^6 cps; loss resistance vs bias voltage (-3+1 v) at 10^4 - 10^6 cps. Q-factor vs frequency and vs bias voltage curves were estimated from the above measured data. It is found that: 1) The capacitance-range factor

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reaches high values of about 15 or 20, and in some specimens, over 100. 2) The varactor capacitance decreases with the increasing frequency, but starting from 10^6 cps, the capacitance remains practically constant. 3) The loss resistance is nonlinear and frequency dependent. 4) The Q-factor is very low (2-9) within the actual capacitance-variation range. Orig. art. has: 10 figures. [03]

ASSOCIATION: none

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ENCL: 00

ATD PRESS: 4024

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 010

Card 2/2

RUDNEV, Ye. D.

Spraying

"Inexpensive emulsifiers for mineral oil emulsion." Sad i og. no. 3, 1952.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, October 1952. Unclassified.

TUBES

Rudnev Ye. V.

"RGM-500 Oscillator Triode with Continuous Vacuum Pumping," by A. L. Mints, M. I. Basalayev, N. I. Oganov, and Ye. V. Rudnev, Radiotekhnika i Elektronika, No 10, October 1957, pp 1240-1252.

Description of the construction of a dismountable oscillator triod with continuous vacuum pumping, having a useful power of 500 kw.

The tube has several features that distinguish it from previous models, and the article contains an extensive, description of the mechanical and electrical parameters of the tube, as well as some test results.

Rudnev Ye. V.
AUTHORS: Mints, A.L., Basalayev, M.I., Oganov, N.I. and Ruane
TITLE: A Continuously-evacuated Power Triode Type RTM-500
(Generatornyy triod s nepreryvnoy otkachkoj RGM-500)
PERIODICAL: Radiotekhnika i Elektronika, 1957, Vol.II, No.10,
pp. 1240 - 1252 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The authors of this article have been engaged during the last few years on the development of a 500 kW triode, whose construction differs substantially from that of the earlier employed models. Four such triodes, type RTM-500, have been casting stations and two triodes have given a medium-wave performance in high-power, short-wave transmitters. Design of the triode was carried out on the basis of the theory given by Kuzunoza (Ref.4) and Zusmanovskiy (Ref.3). Some of the technical data of the triode are as follows: emission current 350 A, cathode efficiency 8.55 mA/W, cathode life 3 000 hours, heater power 40 kW, length 350 mm, diameter of the active portion of the cathode wires 36 (12 wires per phase), heater voltage 17.2 V, "cylinder" 160 mm, diameter of the grid "cylinder" 170 mm,

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A Continuously-evacuated Power Triode Type PFM-500.

internal diameter of the anode 210 mm, diameter of the grid wires 0.6 mm and the spacing between the grid wires 5 mm. The tube has a mutual conductance of 250 mA/V, grid-cathode capacitance of 302 pF, anode-cathode capacitance of 12.5 pF and anode-grid capacitance of 216 pF; amplification factor of the tube at the anode current of 100 A is 23, and at the anode voltage of 10 kV the tube can give an output power of 500 kW. The maximum dissipation power of the tube is 500 kW at the anode and 15 kW at the grid, if the tube is cooled at a rate of 550 litres of water per minute. The body of the tube is in the form of a hollow cylinder consisting of six copper flanges having the form of flat rings which are separated from each other by means of hollow cylindrical quartz insulators. (Overall views of the tube are given in Figs. 2 and 3, while constructional details are indicated in Figs. 4-8) The grid of the tube is in the form of a "tread mill" consisting of 9 molybdenum rods fixed on to molybdenum rings (see Fig. 7). The grid wires are in the form of tungsten rings mounted around the cage. The anode is in the form of a hollow copper cylinder having a height of 550 mm. The lower end of the anode is terminated with a copper flange (see Fig 8 and 4), while the upper end contains

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HUDNEV, Yu.V.

O nekotorykh dvizheniiakh gaza s peremennoi entropiei i polnoi energiei.
(Akademiiia Nauk SSSR. Doklady. Novaia seria, 1948, v. 59, no.5, p.869-870)

Title tr.: On some motions of a gas with variable entropy and total energy.

AS 262.S2662 v. 59

SO: Aeronautical Sciences and Aviation in the Soviet Union, Library of Congress,
1955

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/5077

Rudnev, Yuriy Mikhaylovich

Shtampovka s primeniem elektromagnitnykh blokov (Stamping With Electromagnetic Punch and Die Sets) Moscow, Mashgiz, 1960. 57 p. 4,000 copies printed.

Ed.: N.A. Sytnik, Engineer; Tech. Ed.: L.P. Gordeyeva; Managing Ed. for Literature on Hot-Processed Metals: S.Ya. Golovin, Engineer.

PURPOSE: This booklet is intended for tool designers and process engineers in blanking, chassis, and tool shops of instrument plants.

COVERAGE: The booklet contains a short review of Soviet and non-Soviet experience in stamping instrument parts in dies with mechanical and electromagnetic holding on universal punch and die sets, stationary pneumatic dies, magnetic dies, and special press equipment. The following are also discussed: the drop-through blanking of small sheet-metal parts, future prospects in the use of electromagnetic punch and die sets and thin-plate tool members for blanking, bending, and drawing, and the application of the group method for stamping large parts

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